Evaluation of a Novel Broad-Based Enteric Parasite Panel in a Low Prevalence Setting





<u>Io-Anne Verch¹</u>, Shawna Lewis¹, Maria Lourdes Galvez¹, Karen C. Carroll¹

¹The Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, Department of Pathology, Division of Medical Microbiology, Baltimore, MD

Background

Gastrointestinal enteric parasitic infections are common in the USA and numerous outbreaks are reported annually by the CDC. Molecular syndromic panel tests are superior to traditional O&P examinations for detection of these pathogens. The Investigational Use Only Genetic Signatures *EasyScreen*TM Enteric Parasite Detection Kit uses proprietary following 8 organisms: technology to detect the Cryptosporidium spp., Giardia intestinalis, Dientamoeba fragilis, Entamoeba histolytica, Blastocystis hominis, Enterocytozoon bieneusi, Encephalitozoon intestinalis, and Cyclospora cayetanensis⁺. The goal of this study was to compare the *EasyScreen™* assay to the BD MAX Enteric Protozoan panel (standard of care platform at John Hopkins Hospital (JHH) in a low prevalence environment. The BD MAX assay only detects 3 of the 8 targets detected in the *EasyScreen*™ assay.

Methods

This project was conducted using prospectively collected de-identified remnant stool samples in Total-Fix transport media from symptomatic patients suspected of a parasite infection. Samples tested were a mix of fresh and frozen samples. All samples tested were in Total-Fix. According to the BD MAX assay's package insert the approved sample types are unpreserved or 10% formalin-fixed stool specimens. Johns Hopkins performed an in house validation for the use of Total-Fix samples on this BD MAX assay. For samples that exhibited inhibition on the initial Genetic Signatures run with 25 μL of sample, a repeat with a smaller volume of 10 μL was performed in accordance with the *EasyScreen*^{TM} instructions for use.

Genetic Signatures GS-1 System workflow



Samples received and lysed

Sample processing & PCR setup

PCR amplifications & results

Results **Overall Results**

Genetic Signatures result

Total Positive Negative Positive 290 Negative Total 271 300

*17 were positive on *EasyScreen™* with BD MAX off panel targets

Table 3

Table 4

Table 1

Invalid and repeat testing

Samples failed on initial run	Samples that resolved on repeat with 10uL
55	26

There are 4 samples on which repeat testing was not performed.

Discrepant Analysis

Breakdown of the additional 17 Easy Screen positive, BD MAX off panel targets.

- Blastocystis hominis -13 (one with E. bieneusi)
- Cyclospora cayetanensis 2
- Encephalitozoon intestinalis 2

Breakdown of Easy Screen Negative, BD MAX positive samples.

- Giardia intestinalis 1
- Cryptosporidium spp. 2

Breakdown of *Easy Screen* Positive, BD MAX negative samples.

- Giardia intestinalis 1
- Entamoeba histolytica -3
- Cryptosporidium 2

Table 2 Comparison of BD Max on panel target positive samples

Giardia intestinalis

Genetic Signatures result

		Positive	Negative
BD max results	Positive	4	1
	Negative	1	294

Entamoeba histolytica

Genetic Signatures result

		Positive	Negative
BD max results	Positive	0	0
	Negative	3	297

Cryptosporidium spp.

Genetic Signatures result

		Positive	Negative
BD max results	Positive	0	2
	Negative	2	296

Results

A total of 300 samples were tested on both platforms. The overall positivity rate for all valid samples was 9.67%. 243 samples were negative on initial testing by both the BD MAX and *EasyScree*n™ assays. An additional 26 samples that failed on the initial run were repeated, and were also negative. Another 25 samples tested by the EasyScreen™ assay failed twice.

The BD MAX assay detected 7 positive samples—5 G. intestinalis and 2 Cryptosporidium spp. Of these positives, the EasyScreen™ assay missed one of the Cryptosporidium spp. positive samples and in the second sample detected C. cayetanensis, but did not detect the Cryptosporidium spp. Both EasyScreen[™] and the BDMAX missed one G. intestinalis that was detected on the other assay.

The BD MAX missed 3 *E. histolytica* detected by EasyScreen™. The Limit of Detection is not defined in the BD MAX assay's package insert for Total-Fix media. The EasyScreen™ Cycle threshold values for these 3 were 44.98, 39.6 and 35.83, respectively.

There were 4 coinfections with *B. hominis*, one with *C.* cayetanensis, one with Cryptosporidium spp, one with G. intestinalis and one with E. bieneusi. The EasyScreen $^{\text{TM}}$ assay detected an additional 17 positive samples for targets not included on the BD MAX panel, 13 of which contained B. hominis, 2 samples positive for E. intestinalis and 2 samples positive for *C. cayetanensis*.

Overall concordance between the *EasyScreen*™ and BD MAX assays was 91.7% and the negative percent agreement was 92.4%. When considering only the BD MAX targets, the revised overall agreement was 97.3%.

Conclusions

The Genetic Signatures *EasyScreen*™ Enteric Parasite Detection Kit has the potential to detect a broader range parasite pathogens than existing syndromic panels. Some of the additional targets, such as the Microsporidium species, are of particular importance in immunocompromised patients.

Acknowledgements

Genetic Signatures provided the instruments and kits for this project.